Overview



- Sedimentation and Erosion What is it?
- Why do we care?
 - How to spot serious issues



Examples and solutions







Sediment Pollution



1.3 Soil Erosion

Causes of erosion are:

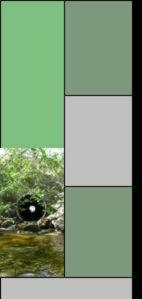
- Gravity
- Wind
- Water







 The effects of sedimentation on aquatic species and their habitat







A reduction of light penetration from suspended sediment:

- limits heat input
- reduces productivity at every level in an ecosystem
- affects both streams and lakes



Sediment and fish populations

• Dirt in the water will change fish feeding behavior, since prey is less visible



- Sediment reduces the abundance of insect larvae and smothers those that live on the bottom
- The suspended sediment can damage gills

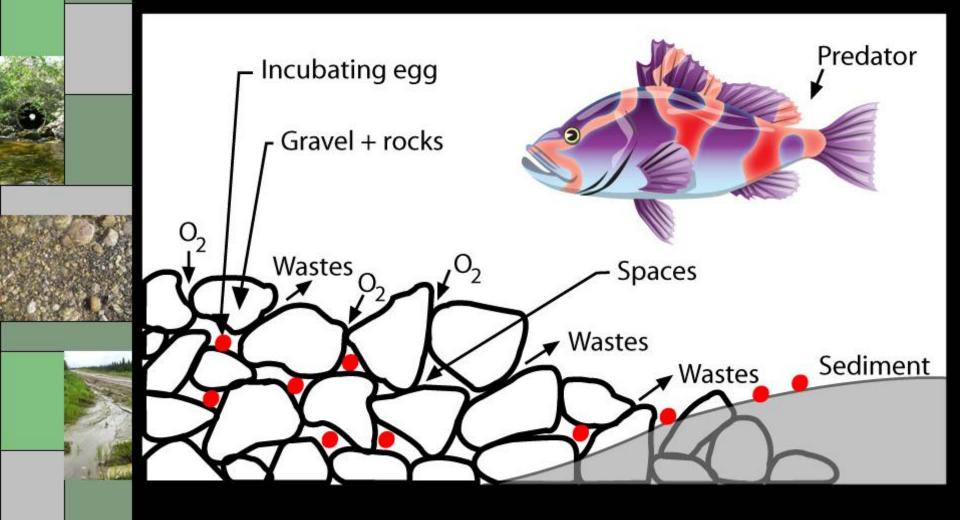


• Effects of several crossings can add up

Potential impact of sediment on fish habitat

- Fish avoid areas of high sediment leaving them with less space to live in
- Loss of spawning habitat
- Loss of insect and plant habitat
- The stream channel gets wider and shallower as it fills with sediment then warmer

Fish Spawning



SUMMARY

To reduce the impact on fish:

- Allow fish passage through stream crossings
- Prevent erosion
- Keep "deleterious substances" out
- Save streamside vegetation



Why do we care? Government Regulations!

- Fisheries and Oceans Canada
- Alberta Sustainable Resource Development
 - Alberta Environment
 - The company who owns the road is responsible for the crossings
- Large fines
- Poor public image





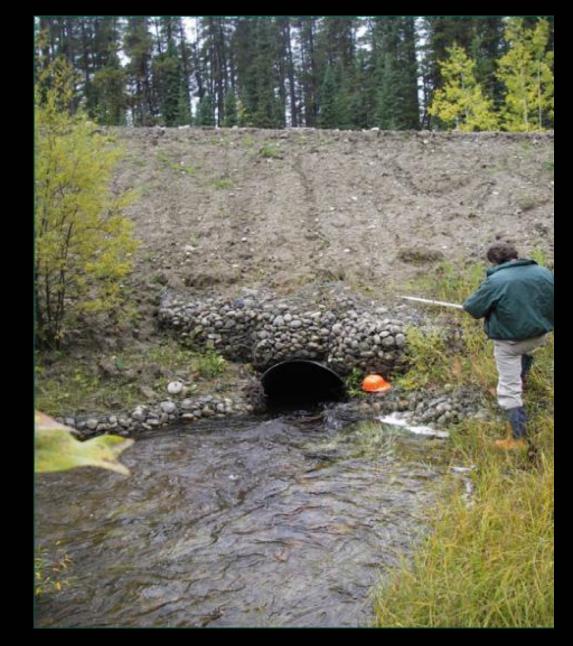


Gabion baskets used to armour the inflow









Bridge deck separating from road













Failed abutment

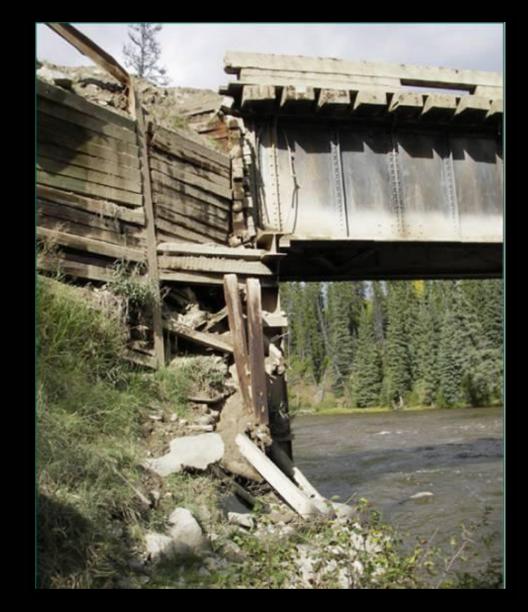


Treated wood wingwalls that are failing









Markers (Y): Good bridge reflectors





Structural problem (C): culvert sections have separated









Structural problem (S): sunken deck









Structural problem (SL): slumping caused by gullying under bridge









When used properly, silt fences are effective in controlling sedimentation















1. Preliminary Inspection









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False ditch















3. Sediment Source Inspection





4. External Sediment Source Inspection





4. External Sediment Source Inspection





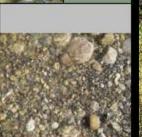
4. External Sediment Source Inspection



























Mud build up on deck

















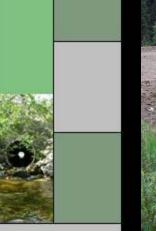






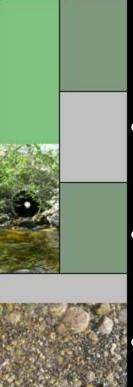












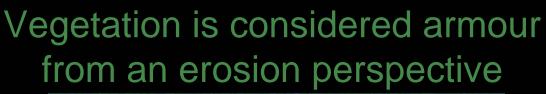
Preventive Measures

- Armouring exposed soil
- Diverting flowing water
 - **Road Maintenance**



Monitoring for effectiveness













Armour – Silt Fence















Armour – Silt Fence





Armour - vegetation









Armour – Rip Rap

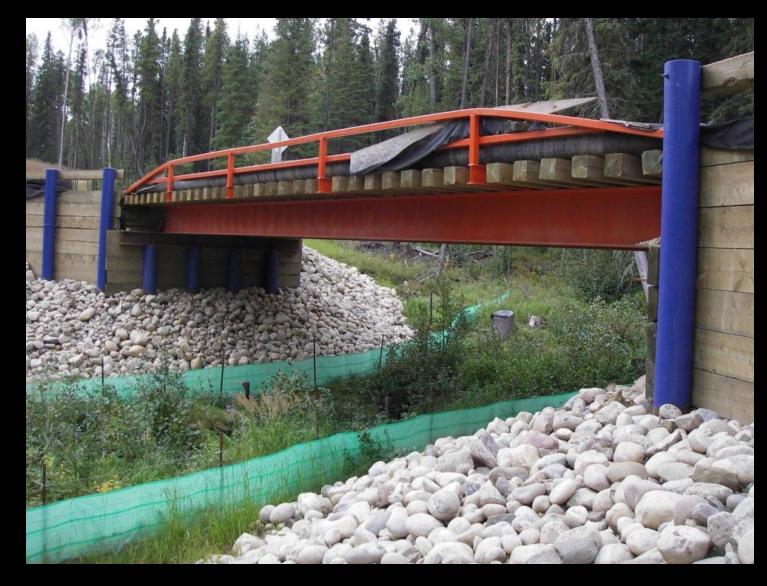


Riprap, silt fence and geotextile curb









When used properly, silt fences are effective in controlling sedimentation

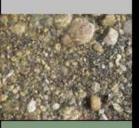
























Rip Rap Armour



Slash, Rip Rap and Silt Fencing











Diversion Ditch - Maintain



Summary Discussion

What resources do you need to improve the condition of stream crossings on your company's road?





