Spatial and Temporal Dynamics of Large Woody Debris in Streams of the Alberta Foothills

Lori D. Daniels, Geography, UBC















Accumulated dead wood in streams



Creates structure



Dissipates stream energy





Bank stability and sediment storage

Why are spatial and temporal variation in LWD important for streams?

LWD function depends on position relative to stream channel

LWD function changes over time

Research Questions

- How much LWD is in foothills streams?
- As LWD decays, how does function change?
- What dynamic processes affect LWD?
- How does disturbance affect LWD dynamics?
- How does terrestrial coarsewood differ from in-stream LWD?









Methods

- Surveys of stream reaches for abundance and function of in-stream LWD
- Surveys of riparian and upland forests for abundance of snags and logs
- Tree-ring reconstructions of forest dynamics and years of tree death
- Integration of tree-ring outcomes with HWP long-term permanent plot data



Large Woody Debris Position Classes: Bridge Partial Bridge Loose Buried

Loose

Bridge

Partial

Bridge

Photo: Rich McCleary



Large Woody Debris Position Classes:

Bridge Partial Bridge Loose **Buried**



Photos: Rich McCleary

LARGE WOODY DEBRIS Decay classes Orientation classes Function classes

Photo: Sonya Powell



Photos: Trevor Jones









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