

#### **EBM Experiences in Ontario**

Mike Brienesse June 19, 2018

#### **Overview**

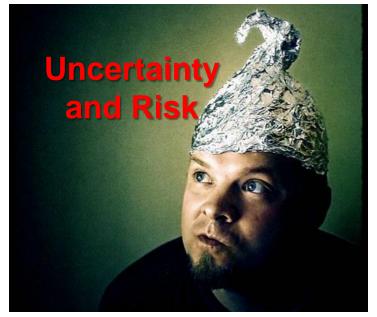
- Brief background
- Lessons<sup>1</sup> learned<sup>2</sup>

1: learned, learning, yet to learn.....

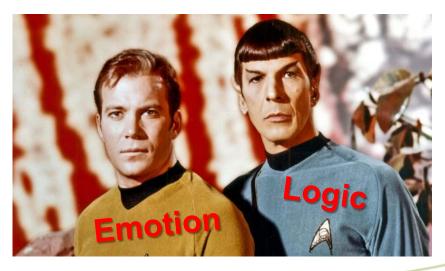
2: personally, collectively, institutionally.....













## **Ontario's Managed Crown Forest**

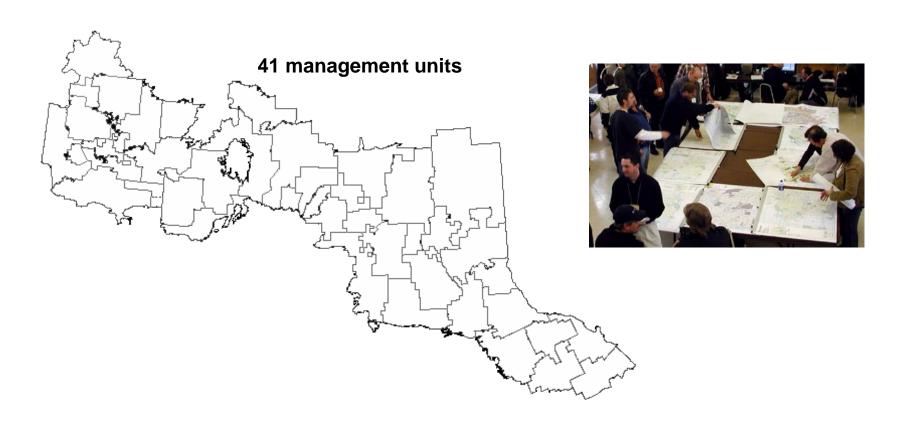


#### Area of the Undertaking (AOU)

Crown forest available for commercial forestry



## Managed Crown Forest - Area of the Undertaking





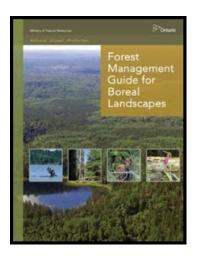
#### **Crown Forest Sustainability Act**

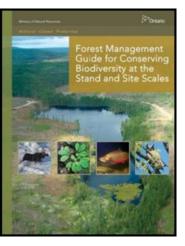
#### **Principles**

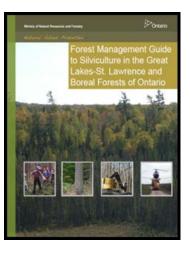
- Large, healthy, diverse and productive Crown forests and their associated <u>ecological processes and biological diversity</u> should be conserved.
- 2. The long term health and vigour of Crown forests should be provided for by using forest practices that, within the limits of silvicultural requirements, emulate natural disturbances and landscape patterns while minimizing adverse effects on plant life, animal life, water, soil, air and social and economic values, including recreational values and heritage values.

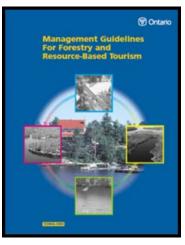


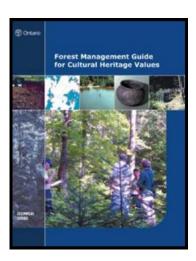
## **Forest Management Guides**













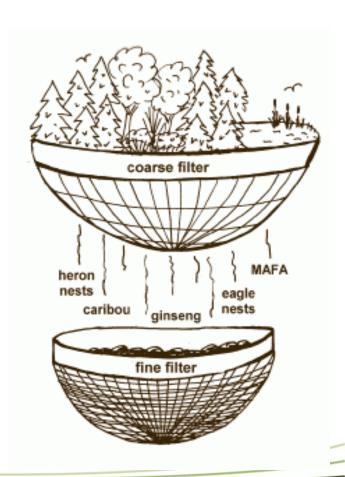
#### Forest Management Guides – core concept

#### Coarse filter

 Maintain ecosystem health and diversity at multiple scales based on emulating nature

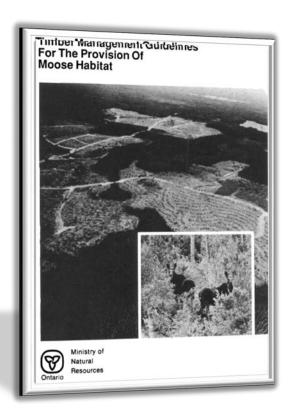
#### Fine filter

 When coarse filter not sufficient or societal values differ from coarse





#### 1988 "Moose Guides"



#### **Program Objective:**

Increase provincial moose population from 80,000 to 160,000 animals by the year 2000.

**Guide Objective:**Create good moose habitat.



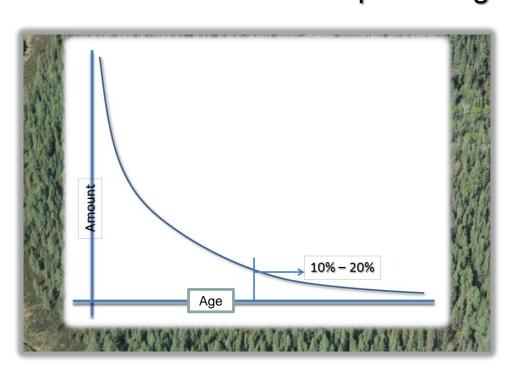
Openings +/- 120 hectares/

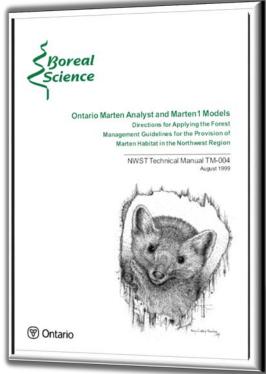
Young forest interspersed with mature forest = moose habitat.



## 1997 "Marten Guides"

Based on the capability of the landscape maintain 10-20% of the landscape in large marten core areas.



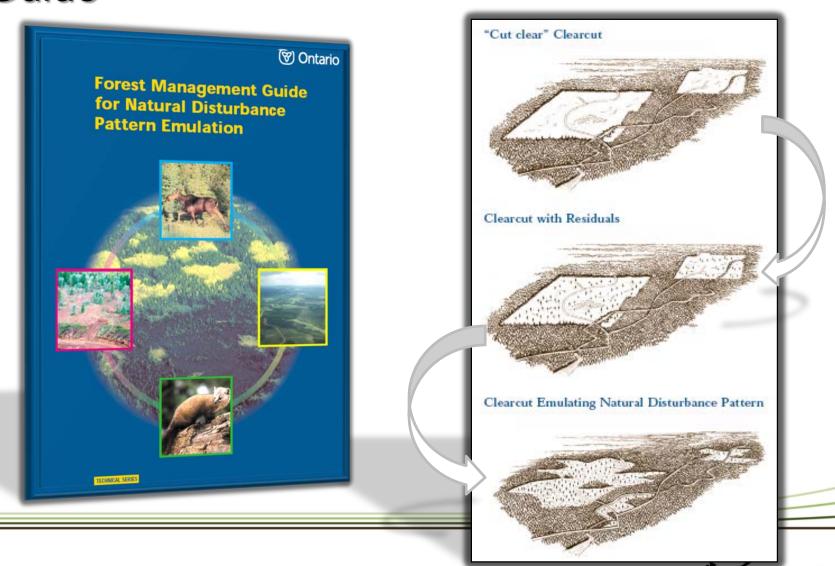


#### Core areas;

Large tracts 3,000 ha - 5,000 ha, mature and old conifer dominated. Deferrals up to 100 years.

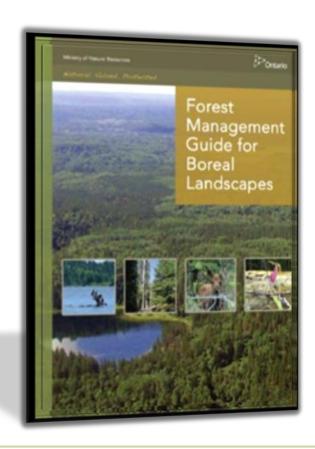


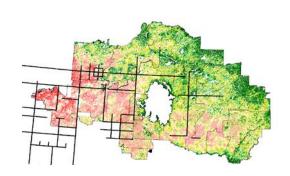
# 2001 "Natural Disturbance Pattern Emulation Guide"

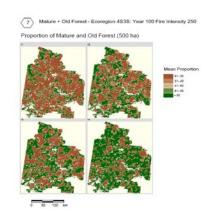


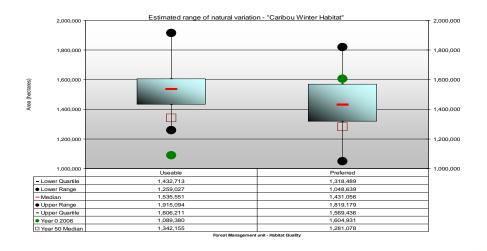
Ontario

## 2010/14 Landscape Guides



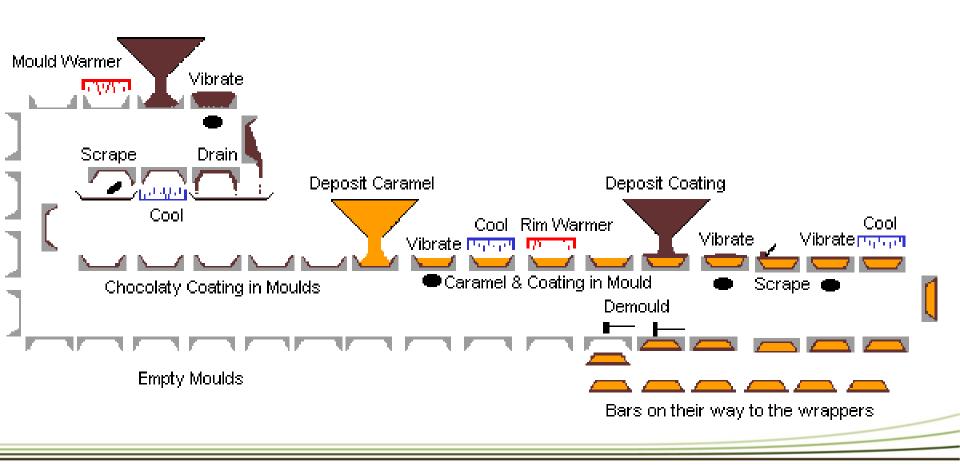








## How science gets into policy





Doubt is not a pleasant condition, but certainty is absurd. —Voltaire



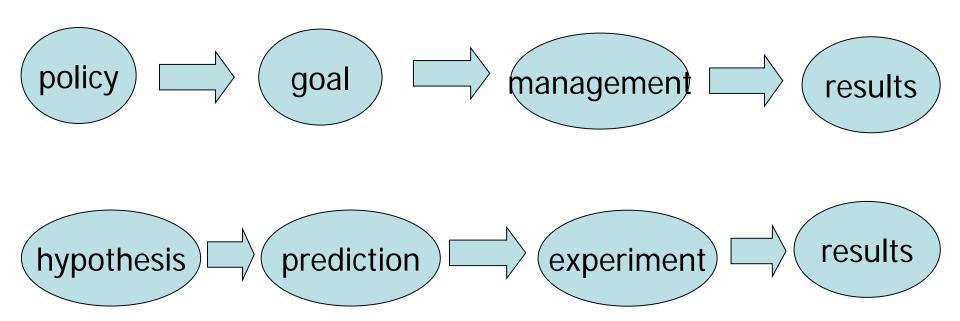
## "Uncertainty Monster"

- Hiding
- Exorcism
- Simplification
- Detection
- Assimilation

(Curry and Webster, 2011)



#### Policy and Science as Parallel Universes

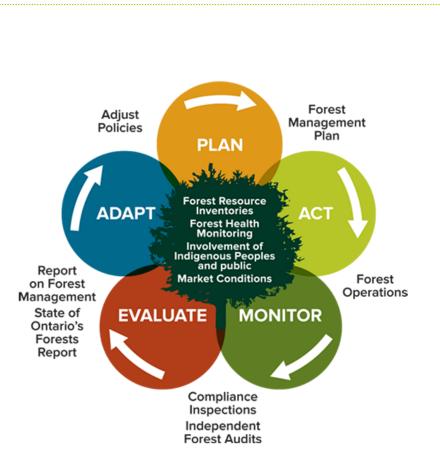


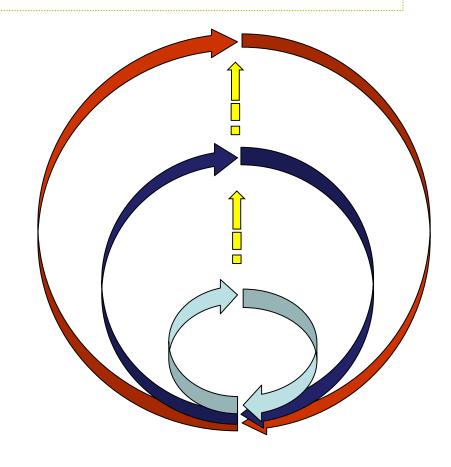
"Policy as Hypothesis; Management by Experiment"

-- R. A. Lancia et al. 1993. Wild. Soc. Bull. 24:436



#### **Forest Policy and Adaptive Management**







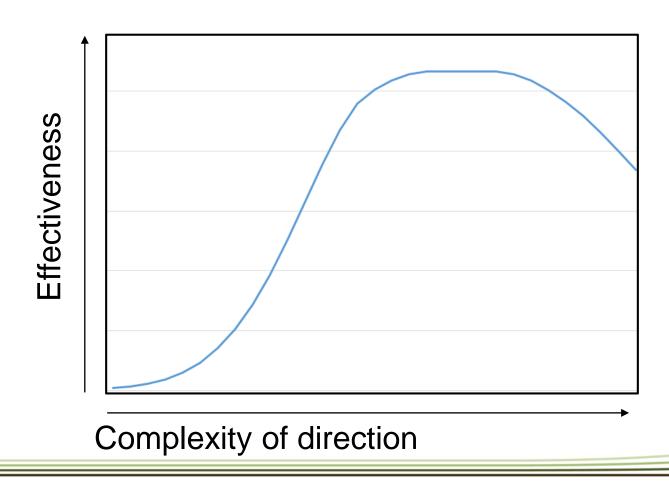
## **Precautionary principle**



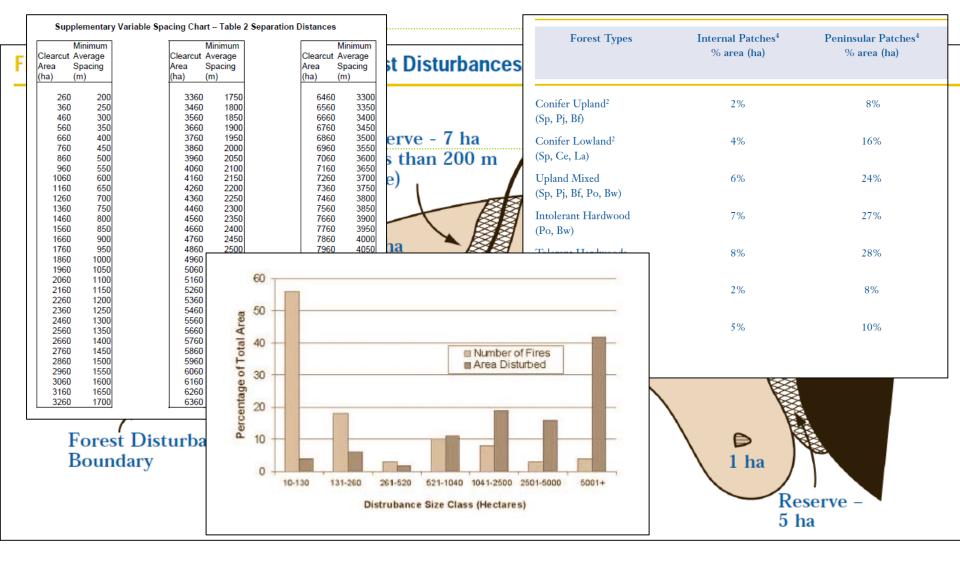
- If an action or policy has a suspected risk of causing harm to the public or to the environment, in the absence of scientific consensus that the action or policy is not harmful, the burden of proof that it is not harmful falls on those taking an action (Wikipedia - 2017)
- Where there are threats of serious or irreversible damage, lack of full scientific certainty shall not be used as a reason for postponing cost-effective measures to prevent environmental degradation. (Rio declaration, principle 15 – 1992)



## **Complexity and Utility**









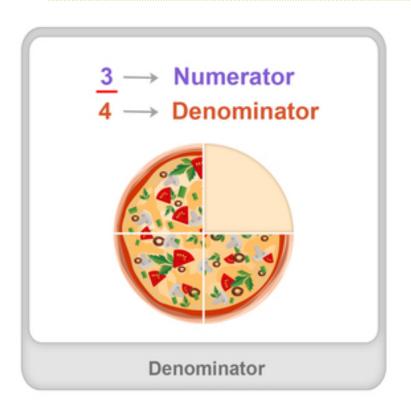
## **Explicit direction not always needed**

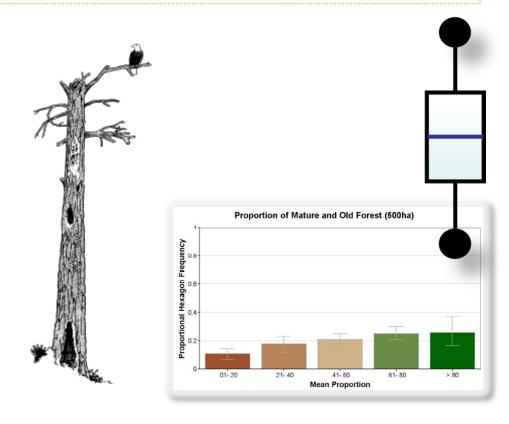






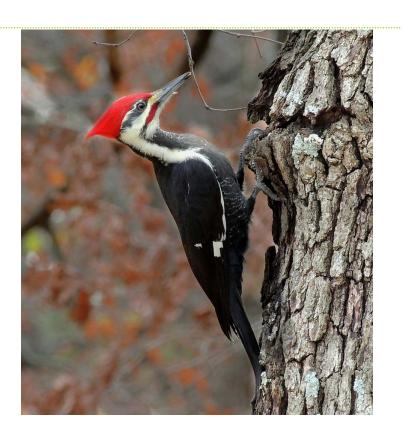
#### **Denominators matter**







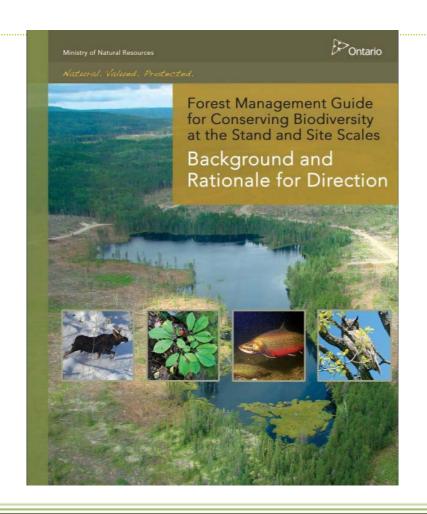
### **Stories still matter**

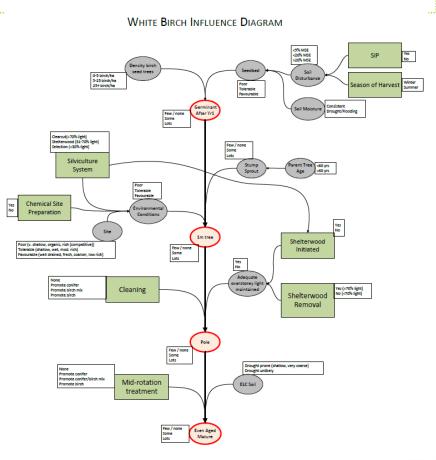






# Transparency and documentation

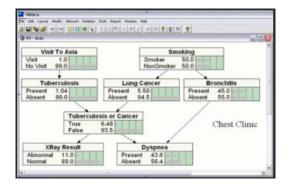


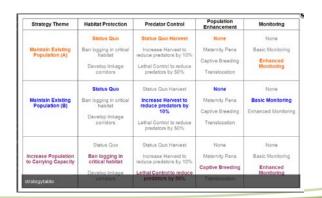




# Systems thinking, decision analysis, and collaboration

- Bring collaborators in early
- Use process/tools to separate technical from values based disagreements
- Focus on conclusions, not differences







# Hold your ground











## **Landscape Guides Appendix – in case**



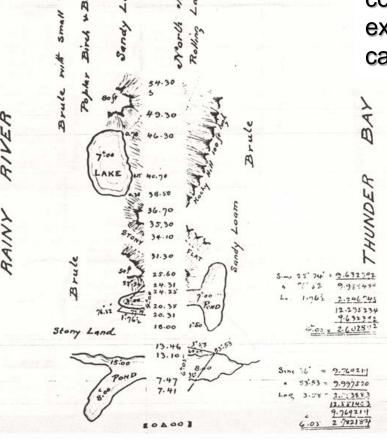
## Historic Survey Notes

5 Miles 80.00 Stocker Post in Store mound

75.25 Huromon Rock

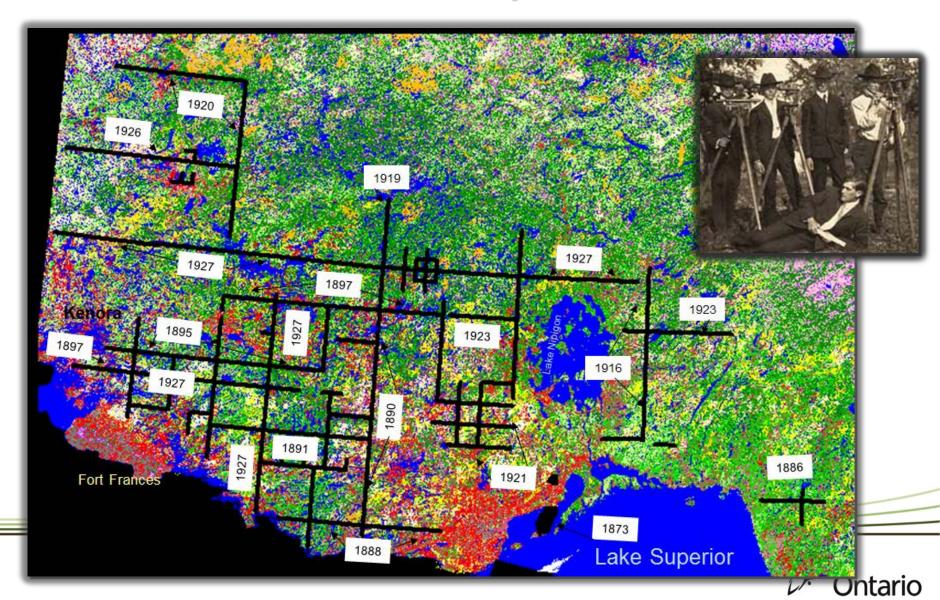


History provides at least one estimate of forest condition that we would expect our simulations to capture.

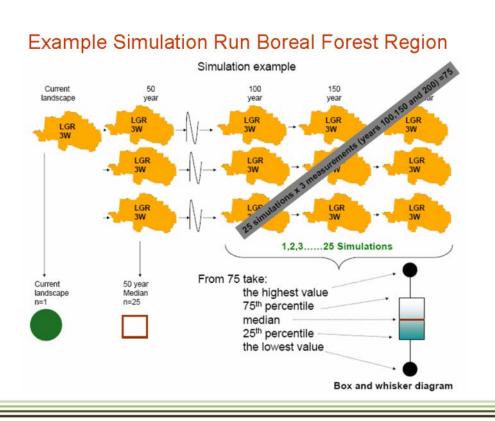




## Historic Survey Notes

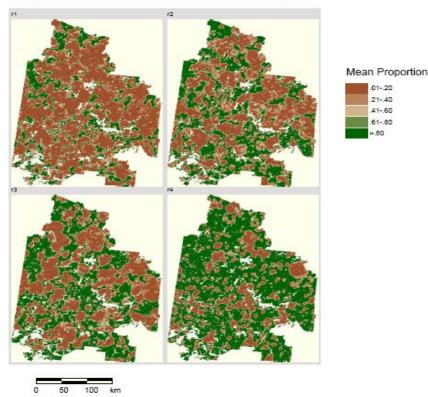


### **Determining Simulated Range of Natural Variation**



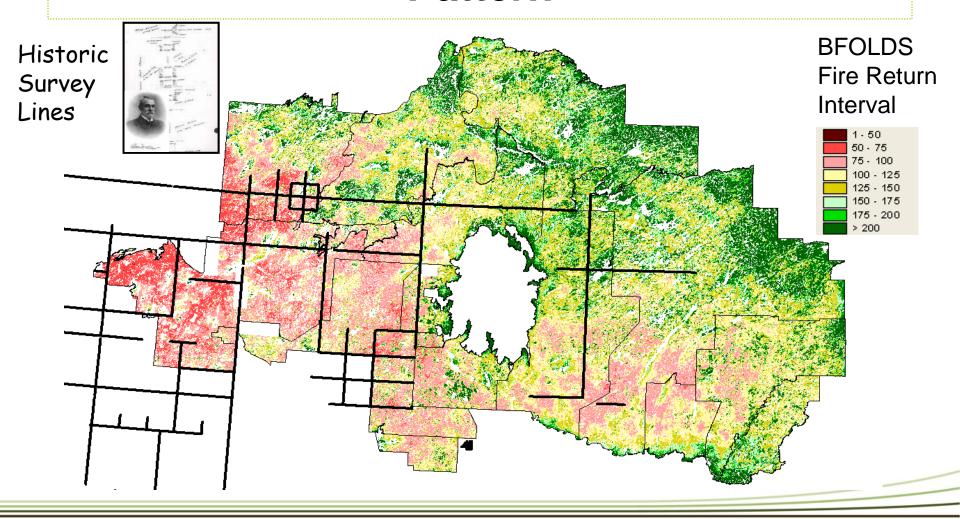
Mature + Old Forest - Ecoregion 4S3S: Year 100 Fire Intensity 250

Proportion of Mature and Old Forest (500 ha)



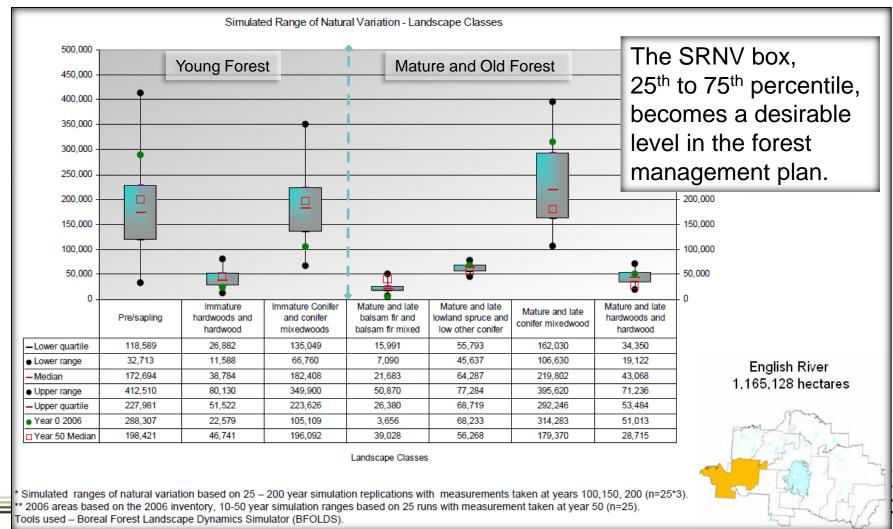


# Natural Disturbances & Landscape Pattern



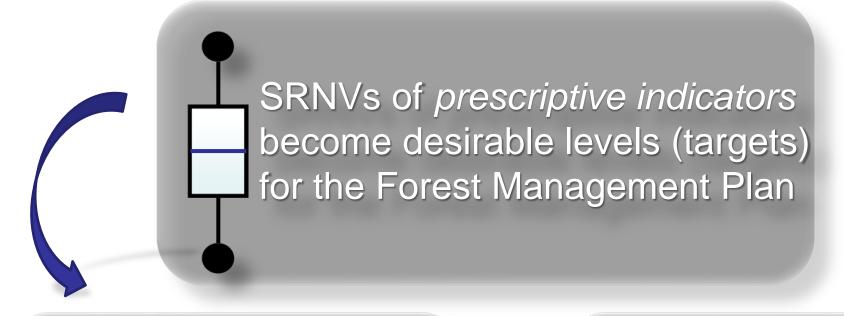


## Simulated Range of Natural Variation (SRNV)

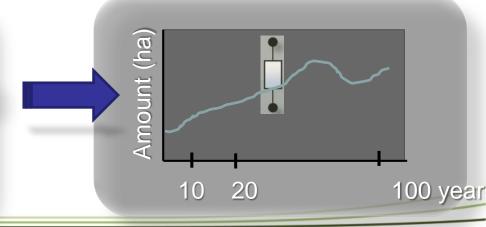




#### **Desirable Levels and Milestones (amount)**



Achievable Milestones
Move towards over 10, 20
or 100 years.
Once there – stay there.





# Milestones - example

Γable A18. L	andscape Guide Reg	ion 3W – Milestones for the	DRAFT Kenogami Forest.				
CFSA Objective	Landscape Guide Indicator Group	Landscape Guide Indicator	Measurement (units)	Milestones			
Category				Directional Statement	Short (10 years)	Medium (20 years)	Long (100 years)
Structure and Composition	Landscape classes	Mature and late balsam fir mixed	Area (ha)	Maintain within the inter-quartile range (IQR)	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
		Mature and late lowland spruce and low other conifer	Area (ha)	Maintain within the IQR	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
		Mature and late conifer and conifer mixedwood	Area (ha)	Maintain within the IQR	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
		Mature and late hardwood and hardwood mixedwood	Area (ha)	Decrease and maintain within the IQR	Decrease	Decrease	Maintain
	Old growth forest	Old growth by Forest Management Plan forest unit or appropriate grouping	Area (ha)	Maintain within the IQR	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
	Red and white pine forest	All ages red and white pine forest units	Area (ha)	Increase to pre- industrial condition estimate	Increase	Increase	Increase
	Upland pine and spruce forest	All ages Conifer	Area (ha)	Increase and maintain within the IQR	Increase	Increase	Maintain
Pattem	Texture of mature and old forest	Texture of mature and old forest	500 and 5,000 ha hexagon frequency distribution	Move towards and/or maintain within the SRNV	Move towards mean	Move towards mean	N/A
	Young forest patch size	Young forest patch size	Patch size frequency distribution	Move towards and/or maintain within the SRNV	Move towards mean	Move towards mean	N/A
Habitat	Habitat for forest dwelling woodland caribou within local	Refuge habitat	Area (ha)	Increase and maintain within the IQR	Increase	Maintain	Maintain
	population range(s)	Winter used and preferred habitat	Area (ha)	Maintain within the IQR	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
		Texture/arrangement of winter habitat	6,000 and 30,000 ha hexagon frequency distribution	Move towards and/or maintain within the SRNV	Move towards mean focusing on 60% and greater proportion classes	Move towards mean focusing on 60% and greater proportion classes	Move towards mean focusing on 60% and greater proportion classes

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				requency distribution	srnv	60% and greater proportion classes	proportion classes	proportion classes	1
			l exture/arrangement of winter habitat	ha hexagon	and/ormaintain		2007	Move towards mean focusing on	Ŧ
				6,000 and 30,000				.t	1